

# Narrative Editing Checklist

## Story

- The first paragraph opens up a story or presents a question readers will want to know the answer to.
- The inciting incident upsets the main character's life and sets them on a quest.
- Story can't start any later without losing important pieces of it.
- Protagonist has a defined, concrete goal they're moving toward.
- The protagonist encounters obstacles on the way to the goal.
- The protagonist faces increasing risk to pursue their goal.
- Story uses the same verb tense (past, present, or future) throughout.
- Story has a consistent point of view (first, second, or third person).
- Time varies, compressing the parts that can be glossed over and going into detail during the most dramatic moments.
- Story has stakes, something important to be gained or lost.
- Story shows where appropriate and tells where appropriate.
- Ending is not obvious but seems unavoidable.

## Characters

- The characters' decisions guide the plot of the story.
- The characters aren't cliché.
- The characters say things only they would say, using words only they would use.
- Someone or something is trying to keep the protagonist from reaching their goal.
- Each character moves only toward their own goal.
- One of the characters is changed by the events in the story.
- The protagonist makes a choice that is irreversible, which leads to the outcome.

## Words

- Did search for *is*, *was*, and *were* to check for passive voice and strengthen the verb.
- Did search for *ly* to root out adverbs.
- Interrogated every adjective to make sure it's necessary.
- Used software to read the story out loud to make sure each word is the intended one.
- Deleted all instances of the word *very*.
- Replaced or explained any jargon.
- Ran a spell-check.
- Reviewed the text for problem words (*they're*, *their*, *there*; *your*, *you're*; *its*, *it's*).
- Chose words that are concrete instead of vague, inventive instead of cliché, and unusual without being esoteric.
- For dialogue tags, used the word *said* except where appropriate.

## Senses

- Included visuals, constructing a world for the reader to see.
- Included touch, such as texture and temperature, as well as tastes, smells, and sounds.
- Description is mixed in with action.

## Rhythm and Style

- Read the story out loud to make sure it has rhythm and edited parts where it didn't.
- Used clear transitions.
- Varied the length of sentences, layering in longer ones and shorter ones.
- Played with the words to find those most appropriate for the tone, dialect, and purpose.